NHS Borders: New Medicines Decisions

Please note: We are happy to consider requests for other languages or formats. Please contact Pharmacy Admin Office kate.warner@borders.scot.nhs.uk

In Scotland, a newly licensed medicine is routinely available in a health board only after it has been:

- accepted for use in NHSScotland by the Scottish Medicines Consortium (SMC), and
- accepted for use by the health board's Area Drug and Therapeutics Committee (ADTC).

All medicines accepted by SMC are available in Scotland, but may not be considered 'routinely available' within a particular health board because of available services and preferences for alternative medicines. 'Routinely available' means that a medicine can be prescribed by the appropriately qualified person within a health board.

Each health board has an ADTC. The ADTC is responsible for advising the health board on all aspects of the use of medicines.

Medicines routinely available within a health board are usually included in the local formulary. The formulary is a list of medicines for use in the health board that has been agreed by ADTC in consultation with local clinical experts. It offers a choice of medicines for healthcare professionals to prescribe for common medical conditions. A formulary can help improve safety as prescribers are likely to become more familiar with the medicines in it and also helps make sure that standards of care are consistent across the health board.

How does the health board decide which new medicines to make routinely available for patients?

The ADTC in a health board will consider national and local guidance before deciding whether to make a new medicine routinely available.

What national guidance does the ADTC consider?

- SMC advice: The SMC considers newly licensed medicines and advises health boards in Scotland whether they should be available. When SMC considers a new medicine for the NHS in Scotland, it looks at:
 - o how well the medicine works,
 - o which patients might benefit from it ,
 - o whether it is as good or better than medicines the NHS already uses to treat the medical condition, and
 - o whether it is good value for money.

In the table below, national guidance usually refers to SMC advice. Links to SMC advice for individual medicines are also included in the table.

• In some cases, other agencies may also provide guidance on how medicines should be used. For example, Healthcare Improvement Scotland issues alerts to advise if National Institute for Health and Care Excellence Multiple Technology Appraisals (NICE MTAs) are applicable in Scotland.

What local guidance does the ADTC consider?

• Advice from local clinical experts who would be expected to prescribe a particular medicine, where that service is available in a health board.

Why is a particular medicine not routinely available in my health board?

- This is usually because the medicine is not recommended for use in NHSScotland by the SMC.
- The medicine may not be routinely available in a health board, particularly in smaller health boards, because there is not a suitable specialist who may use the medicine.
- There may also be differences in which medicines are preferred in health boards. Sometimes SMC accepts more than one medicine for treating a specific medical condition. Clinical experts in each health board consider whether to add new medicines to their formulary and advise the ADTC. Sometimes it is agreed that established medicines are a better choice than new medicines.

What happens if a particular medicine is not routinely available in my health board?

• If a medicine is not routinely available and included on your health board's formulary and there are no suitable alternatives on the formulary, a healthcare professional can request to prescribe a medicine that is not on the formulary if they think you will benefit from using it. All health boards have procedures in place to consider requests when a healthcare professional feels a medicine that is not on the formulary would be right for a particular patient.

NHS Borders board decisions – six options:

- Routinely available in line with national guidance (link to SMC advice)
- Routinely available in line with local guidance for prescribing (link, if desired, to local or regional guidance)
- Routinely available from a specialist centre in another NHS board
- Not routinely available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland (link to relevant SMC advice)
- Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time or there is a local preference for alternative medicines (link to local or regional guidance)
- Not routinely available as local implementation plans are being developed or the ADTC is waiting for further advice from local clinical experts decision expected by (enter date)

The following table lists NHS Borders decisions on new medicines, ordered by MONTH of decision and then A-Z.

If you need more information on medicines decisions in NHS Borders, please email Formulary Pharmacist liz.leitch@borders.scot.nhs.uk.

APRIL 201	6			
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Alendronic Acid Binosto® 1137/16	Advice following an abbreviated submission: Alendronic acid effervescent tablets (Binosto®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of postmenopausal osteoporosis. SMC restriction: for use in patients who are unable to swallow tablets where alendronic acid is the appropriate treatment choice. Alendronic acid 70mg effervescent tablets have demonstrated bioequivalence to alendronic acid 70mg tablets. The effervescent tablet formulation provides an alternative for patients who cannot swallow tablets. It is more expensive than generic alendronic acid tablets but is similar to the cost of existing oral solutions.	11.04.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1137_16_alendronic_acid_Binosto/alendronic_acid_Bi nosto_ABBREVIATED	13.04.2016
Ataluren Translarna® 1131/16	Advice following a full submission considered under the ultra- orphan process: Ataluren (Translarna®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy resulting from a nonsense mutation in the dystrophin gene, in ambulatory patients aged 5 years and older. In a phase IIb, randomised, double-blind study the absolute difference in mean change in 6-minute walking distance from baseline to week 48 for ataluren 40mg/kg/day compared to placebo was 30 metres in the intent-to-treat analysis. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	11.04.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1131_16_ataluren_Translarna/ataluren_Translarna	13.04.2016
Camellia Sinensis (green tea) leaf Catephen® 1133/16	Advice following a full submission: Camellia sinensis (green tea) leaf extract (Catephen®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Cutaneous treatment of external genital and perianal warts (condylomata acuminata) in immunocompetent patients from the age of 18 years. SMC restriction: for use in patients not suitable for podophyllotoxin or who have not responded to treatment with podophyllotoxin. Complete clearance of baseline and new warts was achieved in a significantly higher proportion of patients treated for up to 16 weeks with camellia sinensis (green tea) 10% ointment than vehicle ointment, in two phase III randomised double-blind studies.	11.04.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1133_16_camellia_sinensis_green_tea_leaf_Catephe n/camellia_sinensis_green_tea_leaf_Catephen	13.04.2016

Eculizumab Soliris® 1130/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the ultra orphan process: Eculizumab (Soliris®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: In adults and children, for the treatment of patients with paroxysmal nocturnal haemoglobinuria (PNH). Evidence of clinical benefit is demonstrated in patients with haemolysis with clinical symptom(s) indicative of high disease activity, regardless of transfusion history. In a controlled study in patients with transfusion-dependent PNH, eculizumab reduced the rate of haemolysis and improved anaemia compared with placebo. Observational data from a subset of the PNH registry suggest that these benefits may also be achieved in patients with no history of transfusions. Uncontrolled data suggest that eculizumab reduces the incidence of thrombosis in patients with PNH. The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis and in addition their justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	11.04.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1130_16_eculizumab_Soliris_PNH/eculizumab_Soliris _for_PNH	13/04/2016
Everolimus Afinitor® 872/13	Advice following a second resubmission assessed under the end of life process: Everolimus (Afinitor®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: For the treatment of hormone receptor- positive, HER2/neu negative advanced breast cancer, in combination with exemestane, in postmenopausal women without symptomatic visceral disease after recurrence or progression following a non-steroidal aromatase inhibitor. The addition of everolimus to exemestane treatment significantly increased progression free survival compared with exemestane alone in postmenopausal women with disease progression following a non-steroidal aromatase inhibitor. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of everolimus. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	11.04.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/872_13_everolimus_Afinitor/everolimus_Afinitor_2nd RESUBMISSION	13.04.2016
Isavuconazole Cresemba® 1129/16	 Advice following a full submission considered under the orphan process: Isavuconazole (Cresemba®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in adults for the treatment of: invasive aspergillosis; • mucormycosis in patients for whom amphotericin B is inappropriate. A phase III, randomised, double-blind, non-inferiority study demonstrated that, in the treatment of 	11.04.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance. <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> <u>e/1129_16_isavuconazole_Cresemba/isavuconazole_Cr</u> <u>esemba</u>	13.04.2016

invasive aspergillosis, isavuconazole was non-inferior to a triazole antifungal for all-cause mortality through day 42, and had a similar overall response at the end of treatment. A phase III, open-label, single-arm study demonstrated that, in the treatment of mucormycosis, isavuconazole had a treatment effect on all-cause mortality and overall response. The treatment effect was considered to be comparable to that observed in external control studies of a polyene antifungal. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of isavuconazole. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of		
the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.		

MAY 2016				
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Adalimumab Humira 1143/16	Advice following a full submission: Adalimumab (Humira®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of active moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) (acne inversa) in adult patients with an inadequate response to conventional systemic HS therapy. Evidence from two double-blind, randomised studies demonstrated significant reductions in inflammatory lesions and no worsening of abscesses and draining fistulas at 12 weeks with	09.05.2016	Available in line with local guidance for prescribing http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1143_16_adalimumab_Humira/adalimumab_Humira	08.06.2016
Bevacizumab Avastin 1135/16	 adalimumab compared with placebo. Advice following a full submission considered under the end of life and ultra orphan medicine process: Bevacizumab (Avastin®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in combination with paclitaxel and cisplatin or, alternatively, paclitaxel and topotecan in patients who cannot receive platinum therapy, for the treatment of adult patients with persistent, recurrent, or metastatic carcinoma of the cervix. Restriction: for use in combination with cisplatin and paclitaxel. In an open-label, randomised, phase III study, the addition of bevacizumab to combination chemotherapy increased overall survival. This advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost effectiveness of bevacizumab. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the patient 	09.05.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1135_16_bevacizumab_Avastin/bevacizumab_Avastin	08.06.2016

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	access scheme in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent			
	or lower. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient			
	and Clinician and Engagement (PACE) meeting.			
	Advice following a full submission: Ceftolozane/ tazobactam			
	(Zerbaxa®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: for the treatment of the following			
	infections in adults: - Complicated intra-abdominal infections; -			
	Acute pyelonephritis; - Complicated urinary tract infections. In a		Not available as not recommended for use in	
Ceftolozane-	phase III, randomised, double-blind study, ceftolozane/		NHSScotland	
Tazobactam	tazobactam, in combination with metronidazole, demonstrated			
	non-inferior efficacy to a carbapenem in patients with complicated	09.05.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	00 00 00 10
Zerbaxa	intra-abdominal infections. In a phase III, randomised, double-blind		e/1146_16_ceftolozane_tazobactam_Zerbaxa/ceftolozan	08.06.2016
	study, ceftolozane/tazobactam demonstrated non-inferior efficacy		<u>e_tazobactam_Zerbaxa</u>	
1146/16	to a quinolone antibiotic in patients with acute pyelonephritis or			
	complicated urinary tract infections. The submitting company's			
	justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits			
	was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a			
	sufficiently robust clinical and economic analysis to gain			
	acceptance by SMC.			
	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the			
Certolizumab	marketing authorisation: Certolizumab pegol (Cimzia®) is not		Not available as not recommended for use in	
Pegol	recommended for use within NHS Scotland.		NHSScotland	
	Indication under review: Treatment of severe, active and	09.05.2016		
Cimzia	progressive RA in adults not previously treated with MTX or other	00.00.2010	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	08.06.2016
	DMARDs. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made		e/1155 16 certolizumab pegol Cimzia/certolizumab pe	
1155/16	a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As		<u>gol_Cimzia</u>	
	a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.			
	Advice following a full submission: Elvitegravir, cobicistat,			
	emtricitabine, tenofovir alafenamide film-coated tablet			
	(Genvoya®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: the treatment of adults and adolescents			
Elvitegravir /	(aged 12 years and older with body weight at least 35kg) infected			
Cobicistat /	with human immunodeficiency virus-1 (HIV-1) without any known		Available in line with national guidance	
Emtricitabine /	mutations associated with resistance to the integrase inhibitor			
Tenofovir	class, emtricitabine or tenofovir. In two phase III, randomised,		http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	
Alafenamide	double-blind studies (in treatment-naïve adults with HIV-1), and	09.05.2016	e/1142_16_elvitegravir_cobicistat_emtricitabine_tenofovi	08.06.2016
Fumarate	one phase III, randomised, open-label study (in treatment-		r_alafenamide_fumarate_Genvoya/elvitegravir_cobicista	20.00.2010
	experienced adults with HIV-1), Genvoya® was non-inferior to		t emtricitabine tenofovir alafenamide fumarate Genvo	
Genvoya	alternative antiretroviral regimens at achieving/maintaining a high		<u>va</u>	
	rate of viral suppression (plasma HIV-1 RNA <50 copies/mL) at			
1142/16	week 48. This advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient			
	Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of			
	Genvoya®. This advice is contingent upon the continuing			
	availability of the patient access scheme in NHS Scotland or a list			
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	price that is equivalent or lower.			
Ivacaftor granules Kalydeco 1134/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the ultra orphan medicine process: Ivacaftor (Kalydeco®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of children with cystic fibrosis (CF) aged 2 years and older and weighing less than 25kg who have one of the following gating (class III) mutations in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N or S549R. In an open-label single-arm study, acceptable safety was demonstrated in children aged 2 to 5 years. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a sufficiently robust clinical and economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician and Engagement (PACE) meeting.	09.05.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1134_16_ivacaftor_Kalydeco/ivacaftor_Kalydeco	08.06.2016
Lumacaftor- Ivacaftor Orkambi 1136/16	Advice following a full submission considered under the orphan medicine process: Lumacaftor, ivacaftor (Orkambi®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of cystic fibrosis (CF) in patients aged 12 years and older who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CF transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene. Lumacaftor-ivacaftor, compared to placebo, significantly increased percent predicted forced expiratory volume in one second (ppFEV1) by less than 3% at six months and reduced the annual rate of pulmonary exacerbations in patients with CF homozygous for the F508del mutation of the CFTR gene. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a sufficiently robust clinical and economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician and Engagement (PACE) meeting.	09.05.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1136_16_lumacaftor_ivacaftor_Orkambi/lumacaftor_iv acaftor_Orkambi	08.06.2016
Ramucirumab Cyrmaza 1156/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation: Ramucirumab (Cyramza®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in combination with FOLFIRI (irinotecan, folinic acid, and 5-fluorouracil) for the treatment of adult patients with metastatic colorectal cancer with disease progression on or after prior therapy with bevacizumab, oxaliplatin and a fluoropyrimidine. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within	09.05.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1156_16_ramucirumab_Cyrmaza/ramucirumab_Cyra mza	08.06.2016

NHSScotland.

JUNE 201	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSE Decision
Blinatumomab Blincyto® 1145/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life and ultra orphan processes Blinatumomab (Blincyto®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: The treatment of adults with Philadelphia chromosome negative relapsed or refractory B-precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL). In a non-comparative phase II study of patients with relapsed or refractory Philadelphia chromosome-negative B-precursor ALL, blinatumomab was associated with clinically relevant complete remission rates. Controlled data with clinical outcomes are currently lacking. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of blinatumomab. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.	Published	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1145_16_blinatumomab_Blincyto/blinatumomab_Blinc yto	13.07.2016
Cabazitaxel Jevtana [®] 735/11	Advice following a resubmission considered under the end of life process Cabazitaxel (Jevtana®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: cabazitaxel, in combination with prednisone or prednisolone, is indicated for the treatment of patients with hormone refractory metastatic prostate cancer previously treated with a docetaxel-containing regimen. In an open-label, multicentre, randomised, controlled phase III study in patients with metastatic hormone-refractory prostate cancer, treatment with cabazitaxel plus prednisone/ prednisolone was associated with an extended median overall survival of 2.4 months compared with an alternative chemotherapy regimen.The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis and in addition their justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its benefits was not sufficient to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. The licence holder has	13.06.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/735_11_cabazitaxel_Jevtana/cabazitaxel_Jevtana_Resubmission	13.07.2016
Co-careldopa- levodopa	indicated their intention to resubmit. Advice following a 2nd resubmission assessed under the orphan process Co-careldopa (Duodopa®) intestinal gel is accepted for	13.06.2016	Not routinely available as local implementation plans are being developed or	13.07.2016

Duodopa® 316/06	restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of advanced levodopa- responsive Parkinson's disease with severe motor fluctuations and hyper-/dyskinesia when available combinations of Parkinson medicinal products have not given satisfactory results. SMC restriction: for use in patients not eligible for deep brain stimulation. In a phase III, 12-week study, co-careldopa intestinal gel significantly reduced 'off' time compared with oral levodopa plus a dopa decarboxylase inhibitor. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of co-careldopa intestinal gel. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.		the ADTC is waiting for further advice from local clinical experts http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/316_06_co_careIdopa_Duodopa/co_careIdopa_levodo pa_Duodopa_2nd_Resubmission	
Eltrombopag olamine Revolade® 1164/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Eltrombopag olamine (Revolade®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment in adult patients with acquired severe aplastic anaemia (SAA) who were either refractory to prior immunosuppressive therapy or heavily pretreated and are unsuitable for haematopoietic stem cell transplantation. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	13.06.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1164_16_eltrombopag_olamine_Ravolade/eltrombopa g_olamine_Revolade_Non_submission	13.07.2016
Evolocumab Repatha® 1148/16	Advice following a full submission Evolocumab (Repatha®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: In adults with primary hypercholesterolaemia (heterozygous familial hyper-cholesterolaemia and non-familial) or mixed dyslipidaemia, as an adjunct to diet: • in combination with a statin or statin with other lipid lowering therapies in patients unable to reach low density lipoprotein-cholesterol (LDL-C) goals with the maximum tolerated dose of a statin or,; • alone or in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies in patients who are statin-intolerant, or for whom a statin is contraindicated; • In adults and adolescents aged 12 years and over with homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies. In phase III clinical studies, treatment with evolocumab added to optimised background lipid-lowering therapy significantly improved mean percentage change in LDL-C from baseline to week 12, versus placebo and another lipid-lowering treatment, in patients with heterozygous familial and non-familial hypercholesterolaemia and mixed dyslipidaemia. Addition of	13.06.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1148_16_evolocumab_Repatha/evolocumab_Repatha	13.07.2016

Febuxostat Adenuric® 1153/16	 evolocumab to standard care also significantly reduced LDL-C versus standard care alone in patients with homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia. The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust clinical and economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. Advice following a full submission Febuxostat film-coated tablet (Adenuric®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: the prevention and treatment of hyperuricaemia in adult patients undergoing chemotherapy for haematologic malignancies at intermediate to high risk of Tumour Lysis Syndrome (TLS). SMC restriction: prevention of hyperuricaemia in adult patients at intermediate risk of TLS in whom allopurinol is either unsuitable or contraindicated, such as: Those intolerant of allopurinol; Those in whom allopurinol is contraindicated, e.g. patients with renal impairment. In a phase III, randomised, double-blind study in adults with haematologic 	13.06.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1153_16_febuxostat_Adenuric/febuxostat_Adenuric	13.07.2016
	malignancies at intermediate to high risk of TLS, febuxostat was significantly superior to a xanthine oxidase inhibitor at reducing serum uric acid levels.			
Mepolizumab Nucala® 1149/16	Advice following a full submission Mepolizumab (Nucala®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: as an add-on treatment for severe refractory eosinophilic asthma in adult patients. SMC restriction: patients who have eosinophils of at least 150 cells per microlitre (0.15 x 109/L) at initiation of treatment and have had at least four asthma exacerbations in the preceding year or are receiving maintenance treatment with oral corticosteroids. Mepolizumab, compared to placebo, decreased the incidence of asthma exacerbations and permitted reductions in doses of maintenance oral corticosteroid in adult patients with severe eosinophilic asthma. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost- effectiveness of mepolizumab. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.	13.06.2016	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1149_16_mepolizumab_Nucala/mepolizumab_Nucala	13.07.2016
Naproxen Stirlescent® 1154/16	Advice following an abbreviated submission Naproxen 250mg effervescent tablets (Stirlescent®) are accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, acute musculoskeletal disorders, dysmenorrhoea and acute gout in adults. SMC restriction: use in patients unable to swallow naproxen tablets. Naproxen 250mg effervescent tablets (Stirlescent®) have demonstrated bioequivalence to naproxen 250mg tablets. The	13.06.2016	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1154_16_naproxen_Stirlescent/naproxen_Stirlescent	13.07.2016

	effervescent tablet formulation provides an alternative for patients who cannot swallow tablets. They are more expensive than generic naproxen tablets but cost less than unlicensed naproxen oral liquid (special formulation). Another non-steroidal anti- inflammatory drug is available in dispersible form and may cost less than naproxen when the higher dose of naproxen is required.			
Ramucirumab Cyramza® 1165/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Ramucirumab (Cyramza®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in combination with docetaxel for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer with disease progression after platinum-based chemotherapy. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	13.06.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice e/1165_16_ramucirumab_Cyramza/ramucirumb_Cyram Za	13.07.2016
Ruxolitinib [as phosphate] Jakavi® 1166/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Ruxolitinib phosphate (Jakavi®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of adult patients with polycythaemia vera who are resistant to or intolerant of hydroxyurea. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	13.06.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1166_16_ruxolitinib_as_phosphate_Jakavi/ruxolitinib_Jakavi_Non_submission</u>	13.07.2016

Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Adalimumab Humira® 1173/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Adalimumab (Humira®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of moderate to severe chronic plaque psoriasis in adult patients who are candidates for systemic therapy. (This licence extension relates to previous SMC advice (468/08). SMC has previously accepted adalimumab for restricted use for the treatment of chronic plaque psoriasis in adult patients who failed to respond to or have a contraindication to, or are intolerant to other systemic therapy including ciclosporin, methotrexate or PUVA. It is restricted to patients with severe disease as defined by a total Psoriasis Area Severity Index score	11.07.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1173_16_adalimumab_Humira/adalimumab_Humira	13.07.2016

Afatinib Giotrif® 1174/16	of ≥10 and a Dermatology Life Quality Index of >10. (SMC 468/08). This advice remains valid. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this setting. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Afatinib (Giotrif®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: As monotherapy for the treatment of locally advanced or metastatic non small cell lung cancer of squamous histology progressing on or after platinum-based chemotherapy. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this setting. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	11.07.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1174_16_afatinib_Giotrif/afatinib_Giotrif	13.07.2016
Azacitidine Vidaza® 1175/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Azacitidine (Vidaza®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of adult patients aged 65 years or older who are not eligible for haematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) with acute myeloid leukaemia (AML) with >30% marrow blasts according to the World Health Organisation (WHO) classification. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this setting. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	11.07.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1175_16_azacitidine_Vidaza/azacitidine_Vidaza	13.07.2016
Brivaracetam Briviact 1160/16	Advice following a full submission Brivaracetam (Briviact®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Adjunctive therapy in the treatment of partial-onset seizures with or without secondary generalisation in adult and adolescent patients from 16 years of age with epilepsy. SMC restriction: for use in patients with refractory epilepsy and treatment should be initiated by physicians who have appropriate experience in the treatment of epilepsy. In a pooled analysis of three fixed-dose, placebo-controlled, phase III studies there were statistically significant reductions in the frequency of partial-onset seizures with brivaracetam versus placebo.	11.07.2016	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1160_16_brivaracetam_Briviact/brivaracetam_Briviact	13.07.2016
Crizotinib Xalkori® 1152/16	Advice following a full submission under the end of life and ultra- orphan process Crizotinib (Xalkori®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: First-line treatment of adults with anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK)-positive advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). In patients with previously untreated advanced ALK-positive NSCLC, crizotinib significantly improved progression-free survival compared with a standard systemic anti-	11.07.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance	

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	cancer therapy. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of crizotinib. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.			
Nivolumab Opdivo 1144/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life process Nivolumab (Opdivo®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of locally advanced or metastatic squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) after prior chemotherapy in adults. Nivolumab, compared with a standard second-line chemotherapy, significantly increased overall survival in patients with locally advanced or metastatic squamous NSCLC who had received previous therapy including platinum-based doublet chemotherapy. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost- effectiveness of nivolumab. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.	11.07.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1144_16_nivolumab_Opdivo_for_metastatic_squamous s_NSCLC/nivolumab_Opdivo_for_metastatic_squamous _NSCLC	13.07.2016
Ramucirumab Cyramza® 1176/16	 Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorization Ramucirumab (Cyramza®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indications under review: In combination with paclitaxel for the treatment of adult patients with advanced gastric cancer or gastro-oesophageal junction adenocarcinoma with disease progression after prior platinum and fluoropyrimidine chemotherapy As monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with advanced gastric cancer or gastro-oesophageal junction adenocarcinoma with disease progression after prior platinum or fluoropyrimidine chemotherapy, for whom treatment in combination with paclitaxel is not appropriate The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in these indications. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. 	11.07.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1176_16_ramucirumab_Cyramza/ramucirumab_Cyra mza	13.07.2016
Secukinumab Cosentyx 1159/16	Advice following a full submission Secukinumab (Cosentyx®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of active ankylosing spondylitis (AS) in adults who have responded inadequately to conventional therapy. Secukinumab, compared with placebo, significantly improved symptoms of AS in adults with active disease	11.07.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1159_16_secukinumab_Cosentyx_AS/secukinumab_ Cosentyx	13.07.2016

	inadequately controlled with non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of crizotinib. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.			
Vortioxetine Brintellix 1158/16	Advice following a full submission Vortioxetine 5mg, 10mg, 20mg film-coated tablet (Brintellix®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: the treatment of major depressive episodes in adults. SMC restriction: patients who have experienced an inadequate response (either due to lack of adequate efficacy and/or safety concerns/intolerability) to two or more previous antidepressants. In two phase III, randomised, double-blind studies in adults with major depressive disorder, vortioxetine was non-inferior to two alternative antidepressants at reducing the Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) total score from baseline to week 8.	11.07.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1158_16_vortioxetine_Brintellix/vortioxetine_Brintellix	13.07.2016

Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Alirocumab Praluent 1147/16	 Advice following a full submission alirocumab (Praluent®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: adults with primary hypercholesterolaemia (heterozygous familial and non-familial) or mixed dyslipidaemia, as an adjunct to diet: in combination with a statin or statin with other lipid lowering therapies in patients unable to reach LDL-C goals with the maximum tolerated dose of a statin or, alone or in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies in patients who are statin-intolerant, or for whom a statin is contraindicated. SMC restriction: for specialist use only in patients at high cardiovascular risk as follows: patients with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia (HeFH) and LDL-C ≥5.0mmol/L, for primary prevention of cardiovascular events or, patients with HeFH and LDL-C ≥3.5mmol/L, for secondary prevention of cardiovascular events or, 	08.08.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1147_16_alirocumab_Praluent/alirocumab_Praluent	10.08.2016

	and LDL-C ≥4.0mmol/L or, • patients with recurrent/polyvascular disease and LDL-C ≥3.5mmol/L. In a large phase III clinical study program, alirocumab significantly reduced LDL-C from baseline to week 24 versus active and placebo comparators in patients with hypercholesterolaemia unable to reach lipid goals with currently available therapies. SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost effectiveness of alirocumab and is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.			
Diamorphine hydrochloride Ayendi 1172/16	Advice following an abbreviated submission Diamorphine hydrochloride (Ayendi®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of acute severe nociceptive pain in children and adolescents in a hospital setting. Diamorphine hydrochloride nasal spray (Ayendi®) should be administered in the emergency setting by practitioners experienced in the administration of opioids in children and with appropriate monitoring. Unlicensed intranasal diamorphine has been used in the NHS in Scotland for the treatment of severe pain in children in the emergency setting. The availability of diamorphine hydrochloride nasal spray (Ayendi®) provides a licensed preparation.	08.08.2016	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/</u> <u>Advice/1172_16_diamorphine_hydrochloride_Ayendi/dia</u> morphine_hydrochloride_Ayendi	10.08.2016
Elotuzumab Empliciti 1183/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation elotuzumab (Empliciti ®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of multiple myeloma in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone in adult patients who have received at least one prior therapy. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	08.08.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1183_16_elotuzumab_Empliciti/elotuzumab_Empliciti	10.08.2016
Emtricitabine/ Tenofovir Alafenamide Descovy 1169/16	Advice following an abbreviated submission emtricitabine/tenofovir alafenamide (Descovy®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in combination with other antiretroviral agents for the treatment of adults and adolescents (aged 12 years and older with body weight at least 35kg) infected with human immunodeficiency virus type 1. For adult patients in whom emtricitabine/tenofovir is an appropriate combination, Descovy® (emtricitabine/tenofovir alafenamide) offers an alternative to Truvada® (emtricitabine/ tenofovir disoproxil) at no additional cost, and may also be used in patients from 12 years of age.	08.08.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1169_16_emtricitabine_tenofovir_alafenamide_Desco vy/emtricitabine_tenofovir_alafenamide_Descovy	10.08.2016

Human alpha - 1 Proteninase Inhibitor Respreeza 1157/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the orphan equivalent process Human alpha1-proteinase inhibitor (Respreeza®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: For maintenance treatment, to slow the progression of emphysema in adults with documented severe alpha1-proteinase inhibitor (A1-PI) deficiency. Treatment with human A1-PI for two years reduced the rate of lung density loss compared with placebo; however, there is a lack of robust evidence concerning the clinical relevance of this outcome. No improvement in pulmonary exacerbations, lung function or quality of life was demonstrated. The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust clinical or economic analysis and in addition their justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its benefits was not sufficient to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	08.08.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1157_16_human_alpha_1_proteinase_inhibitor_Respr eeza/human_alpha_1_proteinase_inhibitor_Respreeza	10.08.2016
Ibrutinib Imbruvica 1150/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life and ultra-orphan medicine processes ibrutinib (Imbruvica®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory mantle cell lymphoma (MCL). In a randomised, open- label, phase III study ibrutinib significantly prolonged progression- free survival, the primary endpoint, compared to a chemotherapy treatment, in patients with relapsed or refractory MCL. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of ibrutinib. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	08.08.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1150_16_ibrutinib_Imbruvica_MCL/ibrutinib_Imbruvica _MCL	10.08.2016
Ibrutinib Imbruvica 1151/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life and orphan medicine process ibrutinib (Imbruvica®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of adult patients with chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) who have received at least one prior therapy, or in first line in the presence of 17p deletion or TP53 mutation in patients unsuitable for chemo-immunotherapy. SMC restriction: patients with 17p deletion or TP53 mutation who are unsuitable for chemo-immunotherapy. In an open-label, phase III study, ibrutinib significantly increased progression-free survival compared with an anti-CD20 antibody in patients with relapsed or refractory CLL. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost- effectiveness of ibrutinib. This advice is contingent upon the	08.08.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1151_16_ibrutinib_Imbruvica_CLL/ibrutinib_Imbruvica _CLL	10.08.2016

Insulin Degludec Tresiba 856/13	continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. Advice following a second resubmission insulin degludec (Tresiba®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of diabetes mellitus in adults. In three phase III studies in adults with type 1 diabetes mellitus, and five phase III studies in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus, insulin degludec was non-inferior to other long-acting insulin analogues, assessed by the mean change in glycosylated haemoglobin (HbA1c). Insulin degludec is also indicated for the treatment of diabetes mellitus in adolescents and children from the age of 1 year. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this indication and as a result SMC	08.08.2016	Available in line with local guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/856_13_insulin_degludec_Tresiba/insulin_degludec_T resiba_2nd_Resubmission	10.08.2016
Levofloxacin Quinsair 1162/16	cannot recommend its use within NHS Scotland. Advice following a full submission under the orphan equivalent process levofloxacin (Quinsair®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: the management of chronic pulmonary infections due to Pseudomonas aeruginosa in adult patients with cystic fibrosis. SMC restriction: for use as a third line treatment option after colistimethate sodium (first line) and tobramycin (second line). In a phase III open-label randomised study, levofloxacin was non-inferior to another inhaled antimicrobial for change in lung function, measured by relative change in forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) percent predicted. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of levofloxacin. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.	08.08.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1162_16_levofloxacin_Quinsair/levofloxacin_Quinsair	10.08.2016
Necitumumab Portrazza 1184/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation necitumumab (Portrazza®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin chemotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) expressing squamous non-small cell lung cancer who have not received prior chemotherapy for this condition. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	08.08.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1184_16_necitumumab_Portrazza/necitumumab_Portr azza	10.08.2016
Nivolumab	Advice following a resubmission assessed under the end of life and orphan medicine process: nivolumab (Opdivo®) is accepted	08.08.2016		10.08.2016

Opdivo	for restricted use within NHS Scotland.		Not routinely available as local clinical	
4400/40	Indication under review: as monotherapy for the treatment of		experts do not wish to add the medicine to	
1120/16	advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma in adults.		the formulary at this	
	SMC restriction: patients previously untreated with ipilimumab. In		http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	
	a phase III randomised double-blind study, treatment with		e/1120_16_nivolumab_Opdivo/nivolumab_Opdivo_Resu	
	nivolumab extended overall survival compared with a palliative		bmission	
	chemotherapy in patients with previously untreated advanced			
	melanoma without a BRAF mutation. In an ongoing open label			
	phase III study, treatment with nivolumab, at the time of primary			
	analysis, extended overall response rate, compared with			
	investigator's choice of chemotherapy in patients with advanced			
	melanoma previously treated with an anti-cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-			
	associated protein 4 (CTLA-4) treatment or an anti-CTLA-4			
	treatment and a BRAF inhibitor. The base-case economic analysis			
	submitted by the company assumed that patients were treated for a maximum of two years. This SMC advice takes account of the			
	benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the			
	cost-effectiveness of nivolumab. This advice is contingent upon			
	the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list			
	price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of			
	views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.			
	Advice following an abbreviated submission rilpivirine			
	(Edurant®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland.			
Rilpivirine	Indication under review: in combination with other antiretroviral		Routinely available in line with national	
Hydrochloride	medicinal products, for the treatment of human immunodeficiency		guidance	
	virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection in antiretroviral treatment-naïve	08.08.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	10.08.2016
Edurant	patients aged 12 to 18 years of age and older with a viral load	00.00.2010	e/1168_16_rilpivirine_hydrochloride_Edurant/rilpivirine_h	1010012010
	$(VL) \le 100,000$ HIV-1 RNA copies/mL. The Scottish Medicines		<u>ydrochloride_Edurant_</u>	
1168/16	Consortium has previously accepted rilpivirine in this indication in			
	adult patients.			
	Advice following a full submission secukinumab (Cosentyx®) is			
	accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: alone or in combination with			
Coouldingson of	methotrexate, for the treatment of active psoriatic arthritis in adult			
Secukinumab	patients when the response to previous disease-modifying anti-			
Cocontra	rheumatic drug (DMARD) therapy has been inadequate. SMC		Available in line with national guidance	
Cosentyx	restriction: Use in patients whose disease has not responded to	00 00 2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	10.08.2016
Psoriatic	adequate trials of at least two standard DMARDs either	08.08.2016	e/1167_16_secukinumab_Cosentyx/secukinumab_Cose	10.06.2016
arthritis	individually or in combination. In phase III, randomised, placebo-		ntyx	
1167/16	controlled studies in patients with active psoriatic arthritis, a			
1107/10	significantly greater proportion of patients who received			
	secukinumab achieved at least 20% improvement in the American			
	College of Rheumatology response criteria (ACR20) at 24 weeks			
	compared with those who received placebo. This SMC advice			

takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of secukinumab. This advice	
is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.	

SEPTEMB	ER 2016			
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Bevacizumab Avastin 1190/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Bevacizumab (Avastin®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: In combination with erlotinib for first-line treatment of adult patients with unresectable advanced, metastatic or recurrent non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer with Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFR) activating mutations. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	12.09.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1190_16_bevacizumab_Avastin/bevacizumab_Avastin Non_submision	14.09.2016
Calcipotriol + Betamethason e Enstilar 1182/16	Advice following a abbreviated submission Calcipotriol and Betamethasone cutaneous foam (Enstilar®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: topical treatment of psoriasis vulgaris in adults. Enstilar® cutaneous foam is another licensed formulation of calcipotriol / betamethasone and may be associated with a small budget impact.	12.09.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1182_16_calcipotriol_betamethasone_Enstilar/calcipot riol_betamethasone_Enstilar_Abbreviated	14.09.2016
Carfilzomib Kyprolis 1171/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the orphan medicine process Carfilzomib (Kyprolis®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone for the treatment of adult patients with multiple myeloma who have received at least one prior therapy. Carfilzomib in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone improved progression free survival compared with lenalidomide and dexamethasone in adults with relapsed and/or refractory multiple myeloma who had received one to three prior therapies. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	12.09.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1171_16_carfilzomib_Kyprolis/carfilzomib_Kyprolis	14.09.2016
Cobimetinib	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the	12.09.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in	14.09.2016

	marketing authorisation Cobimetinib (Cotellic®) is not		NHSScotland	
Cotellic	recommended for use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: in combination with vemurafenib for the		http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	
1191/16	treatment of adult patients with unresectable or metastatic		e/1191_16_cobimetinib_Cotellic/cobimetinib_Cotellic_No	
	melanoma with a BRAF V600 mutation. The holder of the		<u>n_submission</u>	
	marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC			
	regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot			
	recommend its use within NHSScotland.			
	Advice following a full submission assessed under the orphan			
	process Dasatinib (Sprycel®) is accepted for use within NHS			
	Scotland.			
	Indication under review: for the treatment of adult patients with			
Describell	newly diagnosed Philadelphia chromosome positive (Ph+) chronic		Routinely available in line with national	
Dasatinib	myelogenous leukaemia (CML) in the chronic phase. In an open-		guidance	
a 1	label, phase III study, dasatinib was associated with significantly	40.00.0040	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	
Sprycel	higher cytogenetic and molecular response rates at 12 months	12.09.2016	e/1170_16_dasatinib_Sprycel_First_Line/dasatinib_Spry	14.09.2016
4470/40	compared with another tyrosine kinase inhibitor. There were no		cel_First_Line_Treatment	
1170/16	differences in progression-free or overall survival. This SMC			
	advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme			
	(PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of dasatinib. This			
	advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in			
	NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.			
	Advice following a re-submission assessed under the orphan			
	process Dasatinib (Sprycel®) is accepted for use within NHS			
	Scotland.			
	Indication under review: for the treatment of adult patients with			
	chronic, accelerated or blast phase chronic myelogenous			
	leukaemia (CML) with resistance or intolerance to prior therapy			
	including imatinib mesilate. In patients with chronic, accelerated or		Routinely available in line with national	
Dasatinib	blast phase CML, dasatinib produced haematological and		guidance	
	cytogenetic responses in two phase III dosing ranging studies. In		•	
Sprycel	a phase II study dasatinib was associated with higher	12.09.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice e/dasatinib_20mg_50 mg_70 mg_tablets_Sprycel	14.09.2016
	haematological and cytogenetic responses relative to another		<u>ALL/dasatinib Sprycel 371 07</u>	
371/07	tyrosine kinase inhibitor in patients with chronic phase CML. This			
	SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access			
	Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of dasatinib.			
	This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the			
	PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.			
	This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and			
	Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.			
Liraglutide	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the		Not available as not recommended for use in	
Linagiutue	marketing authorisation Liraglutide (Victoza®) is not		NHSScotland	
Victoza	recommended for use within NHS Scotland.	12.09.2016		14.09.2016
V10102a	Indication under review: As monotherapy for the treatment of		http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	
	Indication under review. As monotificially for the treatment of		nup.//www.scoulsnmedicines.org.uk/SiviC_Advice/Advic	

1192/16	adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus to achieve glycaemic control		e/1192 16 liraglutide Victoza/liraglutide Victoza Non	
1102/10	when diet and exercise alone do not provide adequate glycaemic		submission	
	control in patients for whom use of metformin is considered			
	inappropriate due to intolerance or contraindications. The holder			
	of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC			
	regarding this product in this setting. As a result we cannot			
	recommend its use within NHSScotland.			
	Advice following a full submission Idarucizumab (Praxibind®) is			
	accepted for use within NHS Scotland.			
l de mue income e la	Indication under review: idarucizumab is a specific reversal agent			
Idarucizumab	for dabigatran and is indicated in adult patients treated with		Available in line with national guidance	
Declina	dabigatran etexilate when rapid reversal of its anticoagulant	10.00.0010	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	44.00.0040
Praxbind	effects is required for emergency surgery/urgent procedures or in	12.09.2016	e/1178_16_idarucizumab_Praxbind/idarucizumab_Praxb	14.09.2016
4470/40	life-threatening or uncontrolled bleeding. In a phase III, non-		ind	
1178/16	randomised, case series study, treatment with idarucizumab			
	reversed the effect of dabigatran, with a median maximum			
	percentage reversal of 100%.			
	Advice following a full submission iron (III) isomaltoside 1000			
	5% (Diafer®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland.			
Iron (III)	Indication under review: For the treatment of iron deficiency in		Not available as not recommended for use in	
isomaltoside	adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis, when oral		NHSScotland	
1000	iron preparations are ineffective or cannot be used. Iron (III)			
	isomaltoside 1000 at a higher (10%) concentration has been	12.09.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	14.09.2016
Diafer	shown to be non-inferior to another intravenous iron product in		e/1177_16_iron_isomaltoside_1000_Diafer/iron_III_isom	
	maintaining haemoglobin concentration in adult patients with CKD		altoside_1000_Diafer	
1177/16	who are iron deficient and are receiving haemodialysis. The			
	submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust economic			
	analysis to gain acceptance by SMC.			
	Advice following an abbreviated submission paliperidone			
	palmitate (Trevicta®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland.			
Paliperidone	Indication under review: paliperidone palmitate (Trevicta®), a		Available in line with national guidance	
-	three-monthly injection, is indicated for the maintenance treatment			
Trevicta	of schizophrenia in adult patients who are clinically stable on one-	12.09.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice e/1181_16_paliperidone_palmitate_Trevicta/paliperidone	14.09.2016
	monthly paliperidone palmitate injectable product. This new		<u>e/1181_16_pallperidone_palmitate_Frevicta/pallperidone</u> _palmitate_3_monthly_Trevicta_Abbreviated	
1181/16	formulation of paliperidone palmitate is administered every three			
	months and is available at pro-rata cost to the monthly			
	formulation.			
The second in the	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life		Routinely available in line with national	
Trametinib	and ultra-orphan medicine process Trametinib (Mekinist®) is		quidance	
Maliniat	accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland.	40.00.0040	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice	44.00.0040
Mekinist	Indication under review: in combination with dabrafenib for the	12.09.2016	e/1161_16_trametinib_Mekinist/trametinib_0_5mg_and_	14.09.2016
1101/10	treatment of adult patients with unresectable or metastatic		2mg_Mekinist	
1161/16	melanoma with a BRAF V600 mutation. SMC restriction: to first-			

line treatment. In two phase III studies, trametinib in combination with dabrafenib improved progression-free survival and overall survival compared with BRAF inhibitor monotherapy for the first- line treatment of unresectable or metastatic melanoma with BRAF V600 mutation in adults. This advice takes account of the benefits of Patient Access Schemes (PAS) that improve the cost- effectiveness of trametinib and dabrafenib. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of these patient access schemes in NHS Scotland or list prices that are equivalent or	
schemes in NHS Scotland or list prices that are equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and	
Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.Trametinib is also licensed as monotherapy. As the company submission related only to combination therapy, SMC cannot recommend use as	
monotherapy.	

OCTOBER 2016				
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Aflibercept Eylea 1186/16	Advice following a full submission Aflibercept 40mg/mL solution for injection (Eylea®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: for adults for the treatment of visual impairment due to myopic choroidal neovascularisation (myopic CNV). In a phase III, randomised, sham-controlled study in adults with myopic CNV, aflibercept was statistically superior to sham at improving visual acuity at 24 weeks. This advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of aflibercept. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the patient access scheme in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.	10.10.2016	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1186_16_aflibercept_Eylea/aflibercept_Eylea	12.10.2016
Budesonide Cortiment 1093/15	Advice following a resubmission Budesonide (Cortiment®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in adults for induction of remission in patients with mild to moderate active ulcerative colitis (UC) where aminosalicylate (5-ASA) treatment is not sufficient. SMC restriction: for use in patients with UC who present with active left- sided disease and/or proctosigmoiditis who are not suitable for oral prednisolone, as an alternative to budesonide rectal formulations or off-label oral budesonide. In two phase III studies, budesonide (Cortiment®) significantly increased combined clinical and endoscopic remission at eight weeks compared with placebo. However, there are no comparative data with other oral or rectal	10.10.2016	Available in line with national guidance <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> <u>e/1093_15_budesonide_Cortiment/budesonide_Cortime</u> <u>nt_Re_Sub</u>	12.10.2016

	preparations.			
Budesonide / Formoterol (Symbicort Turbohaler) 200/6 Inhalation powder and 400/12 Inhalation powder and Budesonide / Formoterol (Symbicort) 200 micrograms/6 micrograms per actuation, pressurised inhalation, suspension 1198/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation budesonide/formoterol inhalation powder (Symbicort Turbohaler®) and pressurised inhalation, suspension (Symbicort®) are not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) with forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) 50% to 70% predicted normal (post bronchodilator) and an exacerbation history despite regular bronchodilator therapy. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this patient group. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. SMC has previously issued accepted advice (97/04) for budesonide/formoterol inhaler (Symbicort Turbohaler) for the symptomatic treatment of patients with severe COPD (FEV1 <50% predicted normal) and a history of repeated exacerbations, who have significant symptoms despite regular therapy with long-acting bronchodilators. This advice may be extended to (Symbicort®) pressurised inhalation, suspension.	10.10.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1198_budesonide_formoterol_Symbicort_Turbohaler/b udesonide_formoterol_Symbicort_Non-Sub	12.10.2016
Golimumab Simponi 1199/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Golimumab (Simponi®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: In combination with methotrexate for the treatment of polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis in children with a body weight of at least 40 kg, who have responded inadequately to previous therapy with methotrexate. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	10.10.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1199_16_golimumab_Simponi/golimumab_Simponi	12.10.2016
Lenvatinib Lenvima 1179/16	aDVICE following a full submission assessed under the end of life and ultra-orphan medicine processes lenvatinib (Lenvima®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of adult patients with progressive, locally advanced or metastatic, differentiated (papillary/follicular/Hürthle cell) thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory to radioactive iodine (RAI). Lenvatinib, compared with placebo, significantly improved progression free survival in adults with RAI-refractory DTC. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of lenvatinib. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views	10.10.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1179_lenvatinib_Lenvima/lenvatinib_Lenvima	12.10.2016

	from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.			
Nivolumab Opdivo 1180/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life process Nivolumab (Opdivo®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) after prior chemotherapy in adults. SMC restriction: treatment with nivolumab is subject to a two-year clinical stopping rule. Nivolumab, compared with a standard, second-line chemotherapy, significantly increased overall survival in patients with locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous NSCLC who had received previous therapy including platinum-based doublet chemotherapy. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of nivolumab. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	10.10.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1180_16_nivolumab_Opdivo/nivolumab_Opdivo_for_n on_squamous_NSCLC	12.10.2016
Perampanel Fycompa 1200/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Perampanel (Fycompa®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Adjunctive treatment of primary generalised tonic-clonic seizures in adult and adolescent patients from 12 years of age with idiopathic generalised epilepsy. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	10.10.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1200_16_perampanel_Fycompa/perampanel_Fycomp a_Non_Sub	12.10.2016
Progesterone Lutigest 1185/16	Advice following a full submission Progesterone (Lutigest®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Luteal support as part of an assisted reproductive technology (ART) treatment program for infertile women. In women receiving luteal phase support during ART cycles, progesterone (Lutigest®) 100mg vaginal tablets administered three times daily were non-inferior to another progesterone preparation administered vaginally with respect to ongoing pregnancy rates at four to six weeks gestation and live birth rates. This advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of progesterone 100mg vaginal tablets. This advice is contingent on the continuing availability of the patient access scheme in Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.	10.10.2016	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> <u>e/1185_16_progesterone_Lutigest/progesterone_Lutiges</u> <u>t</u>	12.10.2016
Rilpivirine/ Emtricitabine Tenofovir	Advice following an abbreviated submission Rilpivirine/ Emtricitabine/Tenofovir Alafenamide (Odefsey®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland.	10.10.2016	Available in line with national guidance <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u>	12.10.2016

Alafenamide	Indication under review: treatment of adults and adolescents (aged 12 years and older with body weight at least 35 kg),		e/1189 rilpivirine_emtricitabine_tenofovir_alafenamide Odefsey/rilpivirine_emtricitabine_tenofovir_alafenamide Odefsey	
Odefsey	infected with human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV 1) without known mutations associated with resistance to the non			
1189/16	nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor (NNRTI) class, tenofovir or emtricitabine, and with viral load HIV 1 RNA ≤100,000 copies/mL. For adult patients in whom emtricitabine/rilpivirine/ tenofovir is an appropriate combination, Odefsey® (emtricitabine/ rilpivirine/tenofovir alafenamide) offers an alternative to Eviplera® (emtricitabine/rilpivirine/tenofovir disoproxil) at no additional cost. Odefsey may also be used in patients from the age of 12 years.			
Tocilizumab RoActemra 1201/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation Tocilizumab (RoActemra®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of severe, active and progressive rheumatoid arthritis in adults not previously treated with methotrexate. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication / setting. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	10.10.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1201_16_tocilizumab_RoActemra/tocilizumab_RoActe mra_Non_Sub	12.10.2016

NOVEMBER 2016				
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Adalimumab Humira® 1208/16	adalimumab (Humira®) 40mg/0.4ml Pre-filled Syringe and Pre- filled Pen; adalimumab (Humira®) 40mg/0.8ml Pre-filled Syringe and Pre-filled Pen; adalimumab (Humira®) 40mg/0.8ml vial for paediatric use. Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation: adalimumab (Humira®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of moderately active Crohn's disease in paediatric patients (from 6 years of age) who have had an inadequate response to conventional therapy including primary nutrition therapy and a corticosteroid and/or an immunomodulator, or who are intolerant to or have contraindications for such therapies. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. SMC	07.11.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1208_16_adalimumab_Humira/adalimumab_Humira_ Non-submission	09.11.2016

	has previously accepted adalimumab for restricted use for the treatment of severe active Crohn's disease in paediatric patients (6 to 17 years of age) who have had an inadequate response to conventional therapy including primary nutrition therapy, a corticosteroid, and an immunomodulator, or who are intolerant to or have contraindications for such therapies (SMC 880/13). This advice remains valid.			
Adalimumab Humira® 1209/16	adalimumab (Humira®) 40mg/0.4ml Pre-filled Syringe and Pre- filled Pen; adalimumab (Humira®) 40mg/0.8ml Pre-filled Syringe and Pre-filled Pen. Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation: adalimumab (Humira®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of non-infectious intermediate, posterior and panuveitis in adult patients who have had an inadequate response to corticosteroids, in patients in need of corticosteroid-sparing, or in whom corticosteroid treatment is inappropriate. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. NICE (National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence) is currently undertaking a multiple technology appraisal (MTA) that includes the use of adalimumab in this indication. However, due to the significant time interval between product availability and the expected date of NICE guidance, not recommended advice has been issued.	07.11.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1209_16_adalimumab_Humira/adalimumab_Humira_ Non_submission	09.11.2016
Canakinumab Ilaris® 1210/16	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation: canakinumab (llaris®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of active Still's disease including Adult-Onset Still's Disease who have responded inadequately to previous therapy with non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and systemic corticosteroids. Ilaris can be given as monotherapy or in combination with methotrexate. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	07.11.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1210_16_canakinumab_Ilaris/canakinumab_Ilaris_non submission	09.11.2016
Dequalinium Fluomizin 1194/16	Advice following a full submission: dequalinium chloride (Fluomizin®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of bacterial vaginosis. SMC restriction: In patients for whom the initial treatment is not effective or well tolerated. Non-inferiority of dequalinium vaginal tablets to an antibiotic vaginal cream was demonstrated in a study that	07.11.2016	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1194_16_degualinium_Fluomizin/degualinium_Fluomi	09.11.2016

	included treatment-naive and treatment-experienced patients.		zin	
Fampridine Fampyra 789/12	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation: fampridine (Fampyra®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Improvement of walking in adult patients with multiple sclerosis with walking disability. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. Advice following a full submission: fampridine (Fampyra®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: For the improvement of walking in adult patients with multiple sclerosis (MS) with walking disability (EDSS [expanded disability status scale] 4 to 7). In two short-term, randomised, double-blind, phase III studies, significantly higher proportions of patients in the fampridine than placebo groups were considered responders, as assessed using the timed 25 foot walk test. The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC.	07.11.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/789_12_fampridine_Fampyra/fampridine_Fampyra	09.11.2016
Lenalidomide Revlimid® 1211/16	Lenalidomide 2.5mg, 5mg, 7.5mg, 10mg, 15mg, 20mg and 25mg hard capsules. Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation: lenalidomide (Revlimid®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory mantle cell lymphoma. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	07.11.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1211_16_lenalidomide_Revlimid/lenalidomide_Revlimi d_non_submission	09.11.2016
Migalastat Galafold 1196/16	Advice following a full submission: migalastat (Galafold®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: long-term treatment of adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older with a confirmed diagnosis of Fabry disease (α -galactosidase A deficiency) and who have an amenable mutation. SMC restriction: in males with classic mutations (leucocyte enzyme activity <1%) treatment should commence at diagnosis; in females and those males with later onset mutations with higher levels of leucocyte enzyme activity, treatment should commence when patients experience uncontrolled pain, evidence of renal, cardiac or neurovascular disease, or gastrointestinal symptoms that significantly reduce quality of life. In an 18-month, randomised, phase III study,	07.11.2016	Available from a specialist centre in another NHS board http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1196_16_migalastat_Galafold/migalastat_Galafold	09.11.2016

	migalastat was comparable to enzyme replacement therapy, measured by mean annualised rate of change in glomerular filtration rate. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost- effectiveness of migalastat. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.			
Nivolumab Opdivo 1188/16	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life and orphan equivalent process: nivolumab (Opdivo®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: as monotherapy for the treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma after prior therapy in adults. Nivolumab, compared with an mTOR inhibitor, significantly increased overall survival in patients with advanced or metastatic renal cell carcinoma who had received one or two previous regimens of anti-angiogenic therapy. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC.	07.11.2016	Not available (for this specific indication) as not recommended for use in NHSScotland <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> <u>e/1188_16_nivolumab_Opdivo_for_renal_cell_carcinom</u> <u>a/nivolumab_Opdivo</u>	09.11.2016
Olaparib Lynparza 1047/15	Advice following a resubmission assessed under the ultra-orphan and end of life process: olaparib (Lynparza®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: monotherapy for the maintenance treatment of adult patients with platinum-sensitive relapsed BRCA-mutated (germline and/or somatic) high grade serous epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer who are in response (complete response or partial response) to platinum-based chemotherapy. Olaparib was assessed in a phase II randomised, placebo-controlled study of patients with high grade serous, recurrent, platinum-sensitive ovarian, fallopian-tube or primary peritoneal cancer in which there had been an objective response to the most recent platinum-based chemotherapy regimen. In a pre-planned analysis of the sub-group of patients with BRCA mutation, olaparib was associated with a significantly improved progression-free survival compared with placebo. An interim analysis of overall survival in the BRCA mutation sub- group (70% maturity) demonstrated a benefit of more than four months for olaparib over placebo. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of olaparib. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. <i>Note: Somatic BRCA mutation testing will be available through the</i>	07.11.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1047_15_olaparib_Lynparza/olaparib_Lynparza_Resu bmission	09.11.2016

	genetics consortium.			
Pegaspargase Oncaspar 1197/16	Advice following an abbreviated submission: pegaspargase (Oncaspar®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: as a component of antineoplastic combination therapy in acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL) in paediatric patients from birth to 18 years, and adult patients. Pegaspargase (Oncaspar®) has been used in NHS Scotland as an unlicensed medicine for the treatment of ALL in children and adults; it has now been granted a product license.		Available from a specialist centre in another NHS board http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1197_16_pegaspargase_Oncaspar_/pegaspargase_O ncaspar	09.11.2016
Sofosbuvir/ velpatasvir Epclusa 1195/16	Advice following a full submission: sofosbuvir-velpatasvir (Epclusa®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection in adults. SMC restriction: in patients with genotype 3 (GT3) chronic HCV infection. Sofosbuvir-velpatasvir for 12 weeks, compared with sofosbuvir plus ribavirin for 24 weeks, significantly improved sustained virologic suppression in adults with genotype 3 chronic HCV infection.	07.11.2016	Available in line with national guidance <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> <u>e/1195_16_sofosbuvir_velpatasvir_Epclusa/sofosbuvir_v</u> <u>elpatasvir_Epclusa</u>	09.11.2016

DECEMBE	DECEMBER 2016				
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision	
Cabazitaxel Jevtana 735/11	 Advice following a second resubmission assessed under the end of life process cabazitaxel (Jevtana®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication review: cabazitaxel in combination with prednisone or prednisolone is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with hormone refractory metastatic prostate cancer previously treated with a docetaxel-containing regimen. SMC restriction: for use in patients who have received at least 225mg/m2 (three cycles) of docetaxel and have an Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status of 0 or 1. In an open-label, multicentre, randomised-controlled, phase III study in patients with metastatic hormone refractory prostate cancer, treatment with cabazitaxel plus prednisone/prednisolone was associated with an extended median overall survival of 2.4 	12.12.2016	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/735_11_cabazitaxel_Jevtana/cabazitaxel_Jevtana_2n d_Resub	14.12.2016	

Γ			1	
	months compared with an alternative chemotherapy regimen.			
	This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient			
	Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of			
	cabazitaxel. This advice is contingent upon the continuing			
	availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is			
	equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a			
	Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting			
	Advice following an abbreviated submission cefuroxime			
Cefuroxime	(Aprokam®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: antibiotic prophylaxis of postoperative		Available in line with national guidance	
Aprokam	endophthalmitis after cataract surgery. Cefuroxime (Aprokam®)	12.12.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice e/932_13_cefuroxime_sodium_Aprokam/cefuroxime_Ap	14.12.2016
-	provides a licensed preparation and enables the off-label		rokam Abbreviated	
932/13	intracameral use of cefuroxime in cataract surgery to be			
	avoided.			
	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the			
Fontony	marketing authorisation fentanyl transdermal system			
Fentanyl	(lonsys®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland.		Not available as not recommended for use in	
1	Indication under review: Management of acute moderate to	40.40.0040	NHSScotland	4440.0040
lonsys	severe post-operative pain in adult patients. The holder of the	12.12.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice e/1207_16_fentanyl_lonsys/fentanyl_lonsys_Non_Subm	14.12.2016
4007/40	marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC		e/1207_16_tentanyi_lonsys/tentanyi_lonsys_iNon_Submission	
1207/16	regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot			
	recommend its use within NHSScotland.			
	Advice following a full submission ferric maltol (Feraccru®) is			
	not recommended for use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: in adults for the treatment of iron			
Ferric maltol	deficiency anaemia (IDA) in patients with inflammatory bowel			
	disease (IBD). In a pooled analysis of two phase III studies in		Not available as not recommended for use in	
Feraccru	IBD patients with IDA who had failed previous treatment with	12.12.2016	NHSScotland	14.12.2016
	oral ferrous products, there was a significantly greater increase		http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	
1202/16	in haemoglobin concentrations after 12 weeks of ferric maltol		e/1202 16 ferric maltol Feraccru/ferric maltol Feraccr	
	treatment compared with placebo. The submitting company did		<u><u>u</u></u>	
	not present sufficiently robust clinical and economic analyses to			
	gain acceptance by SMC.			
	Advice following a full submission considered under the orphan			
	process hydrocortisone modified release (Plenadren®) is not			
	recommended for use within NHS Scotland.			
Hydrocortisone	Indication under review: Treatment of adrenal insufficiency in		Not available as not recommended for use in	
	adults. Compared with three times daily immediate-release		NHSScotland	
Plenadren	hydrocortisone, once daily modified-release hydrocortisone	12.12.2016	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic	14.12.2016
	(taken in the morning) demonstrated approximately 20% lower		e/848_12_hydrocortisone_Plenadren/hydrocortisone_Pl	
848/12	cortisol exposure over 24 hours. A high cortisol concentration		enadren	
5.0/1E	peak in the morning and gradual decline during the afternoon			
	with modified-release hydrocortisone partially reflects the			
	physiological profile. The submitting company did not present a			
	physiological profile. The submitting company did not present a		1	

Idelalisib Zydelig 1212/16	sufficiently robust clinical and economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation idelalisib (Zydelig®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: In combination with ofatumumab for the treatment of adult patients with chronic lymphocytic leukaemia: • who have received at least one prior therapy, or • first line treatment in the presence of 17p deletion or TP53 mutation in patients who are not eligible for any other therapies. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	12.12.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1212_16_idelalisib_Zydelig/idelalisib_Zydelig_Non_Su bmission	14.12.2016
Ivacaftor Kalydeco 1193/16	Advice following a full submission considered under the ultra- orphan process ivacaftor (Kalydeco®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: for the treatment of patients with cystic fibrosis (CF) aged 18 years and older who have an R117H mutation in the CF transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene. Ivacaftor, compared to placebo, significantly increased percent predicted forced expiratory volume in one second (ppFEV1) by 5.0% at 24 weeks in a subgroup of patients aged ≥18 years with CF and an R117H mutation of the CFTR gene. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present sufficiently robust clinical and economic analyses to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	12.12.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1193_16_ivacaftor_Kalydeco/ivacaftor_Kalydeco	14.12.2016
Pembrolizumab Keytruda 1087/15	Advice following a resubmission assessed under the end of life and orphan process pembrolizumab (Keytruda®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: as monotherapy for the treatment of advanced (unresectable or metastatic) melanoma in adults. This submission relates to use in adults previously treated with ipilimumab. In a phase II randomised study, pembrolizumab improved progression free survival compared with chemotherapy in patients with advanced melanoma previously treated with ipilimumab and, if BRAF V600 mutant-positive, a BRAF or MEK inhibitor. The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis and in addition its justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient to gain acceptance by SMC.	12.12.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1087_15_pembrolizumab_Keytruda/pembrolizumab_K eytruda_Resub	14.12.2016

	This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.			
Pertuzumab Perjeta 1121/16	Advice following a re-submission assessed under the orphan process pertuzumab (Perjeta ®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: For use in combination with trastuzumab and chemotherapy for the neoadjuvant treatment of adult patients with human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive, locally advanced, inflammatory, or early stage breast cancer at high risk of recurrence. In a phase II study conducted in women with locally advanced, inflammatory, or early HER2-positive breast cancer, in the neoadjuvant setting, the addition of pertuzumab to trastuzumab plus chemotherapy resulted in a significantly higher proportion of patients achieving pathological complete response in the breast. The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	12.12.2016	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1121_16_pertuzumab_Perjeta/pertuzumab_Perjeta	14.12.2016

JANUARY	JANUARY 2017				
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision	
Buprenorphine Transdermal patch Butec 1213/17	Advice following a full submission, Buprenorphine Transdermal patches (Butec®) are accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: In adults, for the treatment of chronic non-malignant pain of moderate intensity when an opioid is necessary for obtaining adequate analgesia. SMC restriction: for use in elderly patients (over 65 years). Non-inferiority was demonstrated between buprenorphine weekly patches and twice daily oral tramadol in patients with moderate to severe osteoarthritic pain. Non-inferiority was also demonstrated between buprenorphine weekly patches plus oral paracetamol and co-codamol in patients with severe osteoarthritic pain.	16.01.2017	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> <u>e/1213_17_buprenorphine_transdermal_patch_Butec/bu</u> <u>prenorphine_transdermal_patch_Butec</u>	08.02.2017	

Carfilzomib Kyprolis 1171/16	Advice following a resubmission assessed under the orphan medicine process, Carfilzomib (Kyprolis®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone for the treatment of adult patients with multiple myeloma who have received at least one prior therapy. Carfilzomib in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone improved progression free survival compared with lenalidomide and dexamethasone in adults with relapsed and / or refractory multiple myeloma who had received one to three prior therapies. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's cost in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	16.01.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1171_16_carfilzomib_Kyprolis/carfilzomib_Kyprolis_Re sub	08.02.2017
<u>Dalbavancin</u> <u>Xydalba</u> 1105/15	Advice following a full submission, Dalbavancin (Xydalba®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: treatment of acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) in adults. SMC restriction:for second-line use or when meticillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) infection is suspected, or on the advice of local microbiologists or specialists in infectious disease, and the patient is initially hospitalised due to ABSSSI, requires intravenous antibiotics, but is eligible for early discharge as soon as their medical condition does not require further inpatient treatment. In two phase III double-blind studies of patients with ABSSSI, dalbavancin was non-inferior to the comparator for clinical response at end of treatment in the clinically evaluable population.	16.01.2017	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1105_15_dalbavancin_Xydalba/dalbavancin_Xydalba	08.02.2017
Daratumumab Darzalex 1205/17	Advice following a full submission considered under the end of life and orphan process, Daratumumab (Darzalex®) : is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma, whose prior therapy included a proteasome inhibitor and an immunomodulatory agent and who have demonstrated disease progression on the last therapy. In a pooled analysis of patients in a phase I/II and a phase II study, with heavily pre-treated multiple myeloma, who received the licensed dosing schedule of daratumumab, there was an overall response rate of 31%. The submitting company's justification of the treatment's costs in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition the company did not present a sufficiently robust economic and	16.01.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1205_17_daratumumab_Darzalex/daratumumab_Darz alex	08.02.2017

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	clinical analysis to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes			
	account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.			
	Advice following a resubmission considered under the ultra-			
	orphan process, Deferasirox (Exjade®) is accepted for			
	restricted use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: Treatment of chronic iron overload due			
	to blood transfusions when deferoxamine therapy is			
	contraindicated or inadequate, in adult and paediatric patients			
	aged 2 years and older with rare acquired or inherited anaemias.		Deutingly queilable in line with restinged	
Deferasirox	The current advice relates only to use in the myelodysplastic		Routinely available in line with national	
Deferasirox	syndrome (MDS) population. SMC restriction: use in patients		guidance	
Exjade	with MDS with an International Prognostic Scoring System	16.01.2017	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice e/347_07_deferasirox_Exjade/deferasirox_Exjade_Resu	08.02.2017
	(IPSS) score of low or intermediate -1 risk. Plasma ferritin levels	10.01.2017	<u>e/347_07_deferasirox_Exjade/deferasirox_Exjade_Resu</u> <u>b</u>	00.02.2017
347/07	were statistically significantly reduced from baseline to end of			
011/01	study in two phase II/III open-label, single-arm studies of			
	patients with MDS with an IPSS score of low or intermediate -1			
	risk. SMC has previously accepted deferasirox for restricted use			
	for the treatment of chronic iron overload associated with the			
	treatment of rare acquired or inherited anaemias requiring recurrent blood transfusions. This advice remains valid. This			
	advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician			
	Engagement (PACE) meeting.			
	Advice following a full submission, Elbasvir-grazoprevir			
	(Zepatier®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland.			
	Indication under review: Treatment of chronic hepatitis C (CHC)			
	in adults. (The efficacy of elbasvir-grazoprevir has not been			
Elbasvir-	demonstrated in genotypes 2, 3, 5 and 6. Elbasvir-grazoprevir is			
Grazoprevir	not recommended in patients infected with these genotypes).		Available in line with national guidance	
•	In patients with genotype 1a, 1b or 4, elbasvir-grazoprevir	16 01 2017		09 02 2017
Zepatier	significantly increased sustained virologic suppression compared	16.01.2017	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1203_17_elbasvir-grazoprevir_Zepatier/elbasvir-	08.02.2017
	with a regimen containing a non-structural protein 5B (NS5B)		grazoprevir_Zepatier	
1203/17	inhibitor, an interferon and ribavirin. This SMC advice takes			
	account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that			
	improves the cost-effectiveness of elbasvir-grazoprevir. This			
	advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS			
	in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower.			
	Advice following an abbreviated submission, Eltrombopag		Routinely available in line with national	
Eltrombopag	(Revolade®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland.		guidance	
	Indication under review: chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) patients aged 1 year to 17 years	16.01.2017	http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advice	08.02.2017
Revolade	who are refractory to other treatments (e.g. corticosteroids,	10.01.2017	e/1206 17 eltrombopag Revolade/eltrombopag Revola	00.02.2017
1206/17	immunoglobulins). SMC restriction: use in patients with severe		<u>de_Abbreviated</u>	
	symptomatic ITP or a high risk of bleeding. Eltrombopag has			
	symptomatic first of a high lisk of bieculing. Entombology has			l

	previously been accepted for restricted use in adult patients with chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenic purpura. The license has been extended to include children from 1 year. SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of eltrombopag. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. Advice in the absence of a submission from the company,			
Oestrogens, conjugated, bazedoxifene acetate Duavive 1220/17	Oestrogens, conjugated, bazedoxifene acetate (Duavive®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of oestrogen deficiency symptoms in postmenopausal women with a uterus (with at least 12 months since the last menses) for whom treatment with progestin-containing therapy is not appropriate. The company has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	16.01.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1220_17_oestrogens_conjugated_Duavive/oestrogens 	08.02.2017
Pembrolizumab Keytruda 1204/17	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end of life and orphan medicine process, Pembrolizumab (Keytruda®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: The treatment of locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung carcinoma (NSCLC) in adults whose tumours express programmed death ligand 1 (PD-L1) and who have received at least one prior chemotherapy regimen. SMC restriction: treatment with pembrolizumab is subject to a two-year clinical stopping rule. Pembrolizumab, compared with a standard taxane monotherapy, significantly improved overall survival in adults with advanced NSCLC tumours that express PD-L1 and have progressed after platinum-doublet chemotherapy. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost- effectiveness of pembrolizumab. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	16.01.2017	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1204_17_pembrolizumab_Keytruda/pembrolizumab_K eytruda	08.02.2017

FEBRUARY 2017				
Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Botulinum Toxin	Advice following a resubmission, Botulinum Toxin A (Botox®)	13.02.2017	Not routinely available as local clinical	08.03.2017

Туре А	is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Prophylaxis of headaches in adults with		experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time	
BOTOX®	chronic migraine (headaches on at least 15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine). SMC restriction: use in		http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/692_11_botulinum_toxin_type_a_BOTOX/botulinum_t	
692/11	adults with chronic migraine whose condition has failed to respond to ≥3 prior oral prophylactic treatments, where medication overuse has been appropriately managed. In pooled analysis of the two pivotal phase III studies, botulinum toxin type A (Botox®) significantly reduced the frequency of headache days compared with placebo.		oxin type a Botox Resubmission	
Desmopressin Oral Lyophilisate Noqdirna [®] 1218/17	Advice following a full submission, Desmopressin (Noqdirna®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Symptomatic treatment of nocturia due to idiopathic nocturnal polyuria in adults. Two phase III, placebo- controlled studies demonstrated that desmopressin, at licensed doses over three months, significantly reduced the mean number of nocturnal voids and resulted in higher proportions of responders compared with placebo, in patients with nocturia. The submitting company did not present a sufficiently robust economic analysis to gain acceptance by SMC.	13.02.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland <u>http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic</u> e/1218_17_desmopressin_Noqdirna/desmopressin_Noq dirna	08.03.2017
Everolimus Afinitor® 1215/17	Advice following a full submission assessed under the ultra- orphan medicine process, Everolimus (Afinitor®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: for the treatment of unresectable or metastatic, well-differentiated (Grade 1 or Grade 2) non- functional neuroendocrine tumours of gastrointestinal or lung origin in adults with progressive disease. Treatment with everolimus improved progression-free survival, when compared with placebo, in patients with progressive, advanced, well- differentiated, non-functioning neuroendocrine tumours of gastrointestinal or lung origin. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of everolimus. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	13.02.2017	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1215_17_everolimus_Afinitor/everolimus_Afinitor_NET s	08.03.2017
Evolocumab Repatha® 1148/16	Advice following a resubmission, Evolocumab (Repatha®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: in adults with primary hypercholesterolaemia (heterozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia and non-familial) or mixed dyslipidaemia, as an adjunct to diet: • in combination with a statin or statin with other lipid	13.02.2017	Available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1148_16_evolocumab_Repatha/evolocumab_Repatha 	08.03.2017

	 lowering therapies in patients unable to reach low density lipoprotein-cholesterol (LDL-C) goals with the maximum tolerated dose of a statin or, alone or in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies in patients who are statin-intolerant, or for whom a statin is contraindicated. SMC restriction: for specialist use only, when administered at a dose of 140mg every two weeks, in patients at high cardiovascular risk as follows: patients with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia (HeFH) and LDL-C ≥5.0mmol/L for primary prevention of cardiovascular events or, patients with HeFH and LDL-C ≥3.5mmol/L for secondary prevention of cardiovascular events or, patients at high risk due to previous cardiovascular events and LDL-C ≥3.5mmol/L for secondary prevention/L or patients with recurrent/polyvascular disease and LDL-C ≥3.5mmol/L 			
	that improves the cost effectiveness of evolocumab and is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. SMC cannot recommend the use of evolocumab in adults and adolescents aged 12 years and over with homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies as the company's submission related only to its use in primary hypercholesterolaemia (heterozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia and non-familial) and mixed dyslipidaemia.			
Iron (III) isomaltoside 1000 Diafer® 1177/16	Advice following a resubmission, Iron III isomaltoside 1000 5% (Diafer®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: For the treatment of iron deficiency in adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis, when oral iron preparations are ineffective or cannot be used. Iron III isomaltoside 1000 at a higher (10%) concentration has been shown to be non-inferior to another intravenous iron product in maintaining haemoglobin concentration in adult patients with	13.02.2017	Not routinely available as local clinical experts do not wish to add the medicine to the formulary at this time http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1177_16_iron_isomaltoside_1000_Diafer/iron_III_isom altoside_1000_Diafer_Resub	08.03.2017

Osimertinib Tagrisso® 1214/17	CKD who are iron deficient and are receiving haemodialysis. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of iron III isomaltoside 1000 5%. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. Advicefollowing a full submission assessed under the ultra orphan and end of life process, Osimertinib (Tagrisso®) is accepted for restricted use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) T790M mutation-positive non-small-cell lung cancer (NSCLC). SMC Restriction: in patients who have received previous treatment with an EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor. Osimertinib was associated with an overall response rate of 66% in the pooled analysis of two phase II single-arm studies of patients with EGFR T790M advanced NSCLC who had received previous treatment with an EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of osimertinib. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. Please note, circulating tumour DNA (ctDNA) plasma testing for EGFR T790M mutation status will be available via the Molecular Pathology Laboratory Consortium. Requests should be directed	13.02.2017	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1214_17_osimertinib_Tagrisso/osimertinib_Tagrisso	08.03.2017
Pitolisant Wakix® 1229/17	 to the regional lab in Aberdeen, Dundee, Edinburgh or Glasgow. Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation, Pitolisant (Wakix®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of narcolepsy with or without cataplexy in adults. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. 	13.02.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1229_17_pitolisant_Wakix/pitolisant_Wakix	08.03.2017
Trifluridine, Tipiracil Lonsurf® 1221/17	Advice following a full submission assessed under the end-of-life and orphan-equivalent process, Trifluridine/Tipiracil (Lonsurf®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: The treatment of adult patients with metastatic colorectal cancer (CRC) who have been previously treated with, or are not considered candidates for, available therapies including fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin- and irinotecan- based chemotherapies, anti vascular endothelial growth factor	13.02.2017	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1221_17_trifluridine_tipiracil_as_hydrochloride_Lonsur f/trifluridine_tipiracil_as_hydrochloride_Lonsurf	08.03.2017

	agents, and anti-epidermal growth factor receptor agents. Treatment with trifluridine/tipiracil was associated with an improvement in overall survival when compared with best supportive care in patients who had received, or were intolerant of, first and second-line therapies for metastatic CRC. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of trifluridine/tipiracil. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting. Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the			
Vernakalant Brinavess® 1222/17	 marketing authorisation, Vernakalant (Brinavess®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Rapid conversion of recent onset atrial fibrillation to sinus rhythm in adults For non-surgery patients: atrial fibrillation ≤ 7 days duration For post-cardiac surgery patients: atrial fibrillation ≤ 3 days duration The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland. 	13.02.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1222_17_vernakalant_Brinavess/vernakalant_Brinave SS	08.03.2017

Medicine	Condition being treated	Date SMC Advice Published	NHS BORDERS decision	Date NHSB Decision
Abatacept Orencia® 1230/17	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation, Abatacept (Orencia®) ,125mg solution for injection (pre-filled syringe) 125mg solution for injection in pre-filled pen 250mg powder for concentrate for solution for infusion, is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Treatment of highly active and progressive disease in adult patients with rheumatoid arthritis not previously treated with methotrexate. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this setting. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.	13.03.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1230_17_abatacept_Orencia/abatacept_Orencia	08.03.2017
Lacosamide Vimpat®	Advice in the absence of a submission from the holder of the marketing authorisation, Lacosamide (Vimpat) , 50mg / 100mg / 150mg / 200mg film-coated tablets / 10mg/mL solution for infusion / 10mg/mL syrup UCB, is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland.	13.03.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1231_17_lacosamide_Vimpat/lacosamide_Vimpat	08.03.2017

1231/17	Indication under review: As monotherapy in the treatment of partial-onset seizures with or without secondary generalisation in adult and adolescent (16-18 years) patients with epilepsy. The holder of the marketing authorisation has not made a submission to SMC regarding this product in this indication. As a result we cannot recommend its use within NHSScotland.			
Liposomal irinotecan Onivyde 1217/17	Advice following a full submission assessed under the orphan and end of life process, Liposomal irinotecan (Onivyde®) is not recommended for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: Treatment of metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas, in combination with fluorouracil (5-FU) and leucovorin (folinic acid), in adult patients who have progressed following gemcitabine based therapy. The addition of liposomal irinotecan to 5-FU/folinic acid, compared with 5-FU/folinic acid alone, significantly improved overall survival and progression free survival in patients with metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas who had progressed after gemcitabine based therapy.The submitting company's justification of the treatment's costs in relation to its health benefits was not sufficient and in addition did not present a sufficiently robust clinical or economic case to gain acceptance by SMC. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	13.03.2017	Not available as not recommended for use in NHSScotland http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1217_19_liposomal_irinotecan_Onivyde/liposomal_irin otecan_Onivyde	08.03.2017
Obinutuzumab Gazyvaro 1219/17	Advice following a full submission considered under the ultra- orphan-medicine process, Obinutuzumab (Gazyvaro®) is accepted for use within NHS Scotland. Indication under review: obinutuzumab in combination with bendamustine followed by obinutuzumab maintenance is indicated for the treatment of patients with follicular lymphoma who did not respond or who progressed during or up to six months after treatment with rituximab or a rituximab-containing regimen. Obinutuzumab plus bendamustine induction therapy followed by obinutuzumab maintenance significantly increased progression free survival compared with bendamustine monotherapy induction without any maintenance treatment, in patients with rituximab-refractory follicular lymphoma. This SMC advice takes account of the benefits of a Patient Access Scheme (PAS) that improves the cost-effectiveness of obinutuzumab. This advice is contingent upon the continuing availability of the PAS in NHS Scotland or a list price that is equivalent or lower. This advice takes account of the views from a Patient and Clinician Engagement (PACE) meeting.	13.03.2017	Routinely available in line with national guidance http://www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SMC_Advice/Advic e/1219_17_obinutuzumab_Gazyvaro/obinutuzumab_Ga zyvaro	08.03.2017