

# Ankle Injuries: A guide for patients

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For further advice and self care information you can:

Visit: [www.nhsinform.scot/msk](http://www.nhsinform.scot/msk)

Download: ‘MSK Help’ app free from app stores

**Early Management:**

**RICE (Rest, Ice, Compression & Elevation)**

**Rest**

* walking may need to be reduced in the first few days
* try to walk as normally as possible. Try not to hop or walk on your toes
* “rest” does not mean “total rest”, it is vital to keep the ankle mobile ( see the exercises opposite)
* it is recommended that other weight bearing activities, e.g., running should only be attempted once the acute pain & swelling subside

**Ice**

* ice can help reduce the bruising and swelling
* use a bag of frozen peas (or similar) wrapped in a towel over the affected area
* this can be repeated every few hours for 10-15 minutes at a time, in the first few days

**Compression**

* You may find it helpful to wear a support or a Tubigrip when you are on your feet
* Don’t wear it overnight or when you are resting with your foot elevated

**Elevation**

* when sitting, it is helpful to keep the foot elevated above hip height

\*Ankle sprains are very common injuries involving the ligaments around the ankle.

* bruising & swelling usually develop around the affected area
* most ankle sprains settle in 2-3 weeks, although the discomfort may persist for 2-3 months

**Stairs**

In the early stages you may find it easier to take stairs one at a time.

* going up –lead with the unaffected leg
* going down – lead with the affected leg

**Exercises**

* in the first few days, you should aim to do the following exercises every 1-2 hours
* move the ankle/foot as far as you can but don’t push into pain



In sitting, bend & straighten the ankle. Repeat up to 10 times.



Place a towel around the base of your foot. Pull the foot with the towel until you feel a stretch in your calf. Hold for 10 seconds. Repeat 3 times.



In sitting or lying, alternatively raise the inner and outer border of your foot. Repeat up to 10 times.

**Progression of exercises**

Over the next 1-2 weeks, you should try the following exercises a few times a day to improve your strength and balance and help you return to normal.

## Heel Raise.jpg

## Using a chair for support, go up & down on your tiptoes. Repeat up to 10 times.



Stand & balance on your affected leg. Initially you may need to hold on to something for support. Aim to build this up to 1 minute.



Step forward on your good leg. Bend the front knee forward. Keep the affected leg straight & heel on the floor. Hold for 20 seconds. Repeat 3 times

If you experience any of the following symptoms/ complications, please seek medical advice:

* pain that is persisting beyond the 2-3 month timescale
* persistent or new swelling
* ongoing difficulty weight bearing
* worsening pain